

Versatile roles of CspA orthologs in complement inactivation of serum-resistant Lyme disease spirochetes.

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Abstract

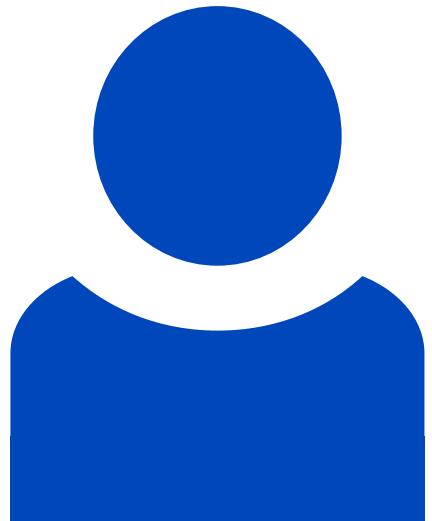
CspA of the Lyme disease spirochete *Borrelia burgdorferi* represents a key molecule in immune evasion, protecting borrelial cells from complement-mediated killing. As previous studies focused almost exclusively on CspA of *B. burgdorferi*, here we investigate the different binding capacities of CspA orthologs of *Borrelia burgdorferi*, *B. afzelii*, and *B. spielmanii* for complement regulator factor H and plasminogen and their ability to inhibit complement activation by either binding these host-derived plasma proteins or independently by direct interaction with components involved in formation of the lethal, pore-like terminal complement complex. To further examine their function in serum resistance *in vivo*, a serum-sensitive *B. garinii* strain was used to generate spirochetes, ectopically producing functional CspA orthologs. Irrespective of their species origin, all three CspA orthologs impart resistance to complement-mediated killing when produced in a serum-sensitive *B. garinii* surrogate strain. To analyze the inhibitory effect on complement activation and to assess the potential to inactivate C3b by binding of factor H and plasminogen, recombinant CspA orthologs were also investigated. All three CspA orthologs simultaneously bound factor H and plasminogen

but differed in regard to their capacity to inactivate C3b via bound plasmin(ogen) and inhibit formation of the terminal complement complex. CspA of *B. afzelii* binds plasmin(ogen) and inhibits the terminal complement complex more efficiently than CspA of *B. burgdorferi* and *B. spielmanii*. Taken together, CspA orthologs of serum-resistant Lyme disease spirochetes act as multifunctional evasion molecules that inhibit complement on two central activation levels, C3b generation and assembly of the terminal complement complex.

Beteiligte Forschungseinheiten

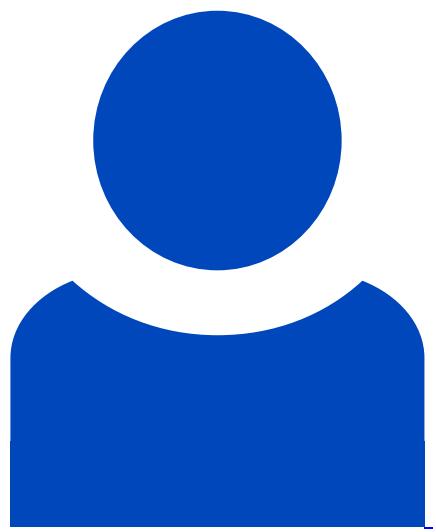
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